

# NHA Certified Medical Administrative Assistant (CMAA) Test Plan for the CMAA Exam

110 Scored Items/25 Pretest Items Exam Time: 2 hours + 15 minutes

\*Based on The Results of a Job Analysis Completed in 2021

This document provides both a summary and detailed outline of the topics that may be covered on the CMAA Certification Examination. The summary examination outline specifies domains that are covered on the examination and the number of test items per domain.

The detailed outline adds to the summary outline by including task and knowledge statements associated with each domain on the test plan. Task statements reflect the duties that a candidate will need to know how to properly perform. Knowledge statements reflect information that a candidate will need to know and are in support of task statements. Items on the examination might require recall and critical thinking pertaining to a knowledge statement, a task statement, or both.

#### **CMAA Summary Examination Outline**

DOMAIN	# of Items on Examination
Foundational Knowledge	10
2. Communication and Professionalism	21
3. Medical Law, Ethics, and Compliance	17
4. Scheduling	16
5. Patient Encounter	21
6. Billing and Revenue Cycle	11
7. Medical Practice Administrative Procedures and Logistics	14
Total	110

# Domain 1: Foundational Knowledge (10 items)

Tasks	Knowledge of:	
	k1.	Types of health care organizations and delivery models (for example, outpatient/inpatient, patient centered medical home, collaborative care, accountable care organization, hospice, home health care, mobile health unit)
	k2.	The relationship between front office and clinical processes and procedures
	k3.	Types of health record (paper or electronic, including app-based/mobile, computer-based, web-based, or cloud-based/online) and implications for use
	k4.	Electronic health record (EHR) and electronic medical record (EMR) components (for example, demographic information, clinical records, medication administration record, diagnoses, laboratory reports, orders, billing information)
	Medical	<u>Terminology</u>
	k5.	Spelling, pronunciation, and definition of medical terms
	k6.	Common professional abbreviations and acronyms
	k7.	Acceptable and unacceptable professional abbreviation practices
	k8.	The Joint Commission's (TJC) "Do Not Use" List
	k9.	Prefixes, roots, and suffixes (for example, an-, hyper-, hypo-, cardi/o, vascul/o, -osis, -pathy, -ist)
	Basic A	natomy and Physiology
	k10.	Signs and symptoms of common diseases, conditions, and injuries
	k11.	Anatomical structures, locations, and positions
	k12.	Functions of major body systems

# **Domain 2: Communication and Professionalism (21 items)**

Task	e	•	,
		Knowledge of: k13. Communication styles	
2A	Communicate with patients, caregivers, providers, other personnel, and third-party payers.		Nonverbal communication and cues
2B	Manage challenging/difficult customer service occurrences and patient interactions.	k15.	Interviewing and questioning techniques
2C	Adapt verbal and nonverbal communication to diverse audiences (for example, patients and caregivers, medical and non-medical personnel, external entities).	k16.	(including screening questions, open-ended, closed-ended, and probing questions)  Techniques to appropriately handle difficult situations (irate clients, custody issues
2D	Adapt verbal and nonverbal communications with patients and caregivers based on special considerations (for example, language barriers, pediatric, geriatric, hearing impaired, vision impaired, persons with disabilities, health literacy level).	k17.	between parents, chain of command)  Common barriers to communication (cultural differences, language barriers, cognitive levels, developmental stages, sensory and physical
2E	Clarify and relay communications between appropriate parties, as needed.	k18.	disabilities, and age)  Gender identity and expression, use of
2F	Facilitate and promote teamwork and team engagement.	k10	pronouns  Medical terminology and layman's terms
2G	Provide written and verbal instructions for pre/post		
2H	tests and procedures as prescribed by providers.  Provide patients with information regarding educational and community resources.	k20.	Scope of permitted questions and boundaries for questions (questions/discussions between patient and medical assistant that are within scope of practice)
•	Demonstrate professionalism (for example,	k21.	Active listening
	appropriate appearance, hygiene, demeanor, maintaining professional boundaries, language, and	k22.	Empathy and compassion
	tone).	k23.	Communication cycle (clear, concise message relay)
		k24.	Professional presence (appearance, hygiene, demeanor, maintaining professional boundaries, language, and tone)
		k25.	When and how to escalate problem situations
		k26.	Conflict resolution and de-escalation strategies
			Telecommunications and email etiquette Proper use of intraoffice messaging (for example, chat messages, electronic health record [EHR] messaging template)
		k29.	Documentation requirements for communication and correspondence
		k30.	Available educational and community resources

# Domain 3: Medical Law, Ethics, and Compliance (17 items)

Tasks		Knowled	dge of:
3A	Ensure compliance with laws, regulations, and guidelines (for example, Occupational Safety and Health Administration [OSHA], The Joint Commission's National Patient Safety Goals, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services [CMS], the Office of the Inspector General [OIG], Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act [ADAAA]).	k31.	Basic medical law (for example, patient abandonment, malpractice, negligence, contracts)  Patient's Bill of Rights  Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) guidelines
3В	Maintain confidentiality and security of protected health information (PHI) in compliance with standards and guidelines such as the HIPAA Privacy and Security Rules and		Penalties for violating HIPAA practices (unknowingly, reasonable cause, willful neglect-corrected, willful neglect-uncorrected)
3C	organization/facility policy.  Release protected health information (PHI) in accordance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule and organization/facility.	кээ.	Types of data considered protected health information (PHI) (for example, email addresses, phone numbers, Social Security numbers)
3D	Adhere to the Patient's Bill of Rights (also known as The Patient Care Partnership) including rules regarding consent, the right to go to a medical specialist, the right to keep the same physician	k36.	Permitted use and disclosure of patient information (for example, medical record access, requirements for release of information, peer-to-peer information sharing)
25	or be seen by another physician, the right to a second opinion, medical record ownership, right to refuse treatment, and ADA compliance.	k37.	Information that is not private for authorities and health departments (for example, child abuse, STDs/STIs, gunshot wounds, communicable diseases)
3E	Adhere to requirements regarding reportable violations or incidents (for example, fraud, security breach, errors in patient care, accidents in the workplace).	k38.	Procedures to safeguard data (for example, screen savers, password rules, screen visors, mobile device usage policies)
	Perform duties within legal scope of practice.  Adhere to professional codes of ethics.	k39.	Requirements for storage and retention of medical records
		k40.	Consent (for example, expressed, implied, informed, waived)
		k41.	OSHA guidelines (for example, Safety Data Sheets [SDS], Needlestick Safety and Prevention Act)
			TJC guidelines including National Patient Safety Goals (NPSG) Mandatory reporting laws, triggers for reporting, and reporting agencies
		k44.	Incident reporting requirements (for example, errors in patient care, accidents in the workplace)

k45. Evacuation plans and emergency procedures
k46. Differences between fraud and abuse and reporting requirements including CMS
k47. Professional codes of ethics
k48. Medical administrative assistant scope of practice

Tasks		Knowled	lge of:
4A	such as purpose for appointment, type of service,	k49.	EHR scheduling including templates and techniques
	appointment intervals, provider's preferences, availability, needs, and schedule matrix.	k50.	Manual scheduling procedures
4B	Determine appropriateness for a telehealth appointment and, if applicable, provide patient with specific instructions for connection and schedule as telehealth appointment.	k51.	Types of appointment scheduling (for example, time-specified scheduling, wave scheduling, modified wave scheduling, double booking, open booking, block scheduling)
4C	Initiate patient registration (if needed) and collect/verify patient information (for example, name, date of birth, insurance, billing address, best method of contact, and accurate contact information).	k52.	Considerations for scheduling (for example, new vs. established patient, purpose for appointment, type of service, requested provider, urgency, appointment intervals)
4D	Schedule appointments in the electronic heath record (EHR) and/or manually.	k53.	Provider preferences, needs, and schedule
4E	Confirm appointments, monitor patient portal	k54.	Types of appointments appropriate for telehealth
	notifications, and provide patient with instructions (for example, bring identification and proof of insurance, copayment requirements, arrival time).	k55.	Telehealth platforms and technology
4F	Follow protocols for no-show, missed, cancelled, or	k56.	Patient portals including notifications, patient self-scheduling, and technical support
	rescheduled appointments.	k57.	Procedures used to avoid duplicate electronic
4G	Arrange for diagnostic testing and procedures including preauthorization, referrals, scheduling preadmission testing, and schedule follow-up appointments.		health record creation during scheduling (for example, using two patient identifiers, searching maiden and married name)
4H	Conduct pre-appointment screening and confirmation	k58.	Insurance eligibility and benefits verification
711	(for example, symptom screening questionnaires, vaccination questions, insurance or health status	k59.	Information to provide to patient prior to appointment
	changes, technology capability, and assistance checks for telehealth).	k60.	Policies and procedures for no-show, missed, and cancelled appointments, including documentation and notification requirements

k61.	Considerations for in-network and out-of- network coverage
k62.	Pre-appointment screening requirements (for example, symptom screening questionnaires, vaccination questions, insurance or health status changes, technology capability checks for telehealth)

#### **Domain 5: Patient Encounter (21 items)**

Tasks		Knowledge of:	
5A	Welcome and check-in patients, collect/verify identification and demographic information (for	k63.	How to enter information for new and established patients
	example, check ID, address, phone number, date of birth), and make changes as needed.	k64.	Required patient intake forms (for example, assignment of benefits, notice of privacy practices, advance directives, release forms,
5B	Verify insurance information, including reviewing insurance card and coverage benefits, copayment/coinsurance, secondary or tertiary insurance, or changes in coverage.	k65.	financial responsibility)  Special considerations and accommodations related to the intake process (for example, visually impaired, language barriers, support for use of kiosks, tablets, or other intake
5C	Discuss financial responsibilities of the patient and respond to common questions regarding insurance (for		technology)
	example, copayments, coinsurance, deductibles, allowed amounts).	k66.	Identification, demographic, and insurance information verification processes and procedures
5D	Ensure completion of required patient intake forms (for example, assignment of benefits, notice of privacy practices, advance directives, release forms, financial	k67.	Referral, precertification/preauthorization, and predetermination requirements
5E	responsibility).  Generate encounter documentation and verify	k68.	Basic recognition and purpose of code sets (ICD-10-CM, ICD-10-PCS, CPT, HCPCS)
JE	accuracy of information with patient.	k69.	Concepts related to medical necessity
5F	Ensure all pertinent information has been entered into the electronic health record (EHR), including information from intake forms and test results from previous visits.	k70.	Procedures used to identify and avoid creation of unnecessary duplicate electronic health records (for example, using two patient identifiers, searching maiden and married name)
5G	Identify and flag duplicate patient electronic health records that may require merging.	k71.	Procedures to follow if duplicate health record is identified (for example, notify appropriate
5H	Conduct patient check-out procedures (for example, provide post-visit summary documents, discuss	. = 4	staff, determine if merging is required)
	required follow-up, address patient questions).	k72.	Acceptable secondary health records (for example, workers' compensation, liability

claims, minors' rights)
k73. Commercial insurance plan types (for example, employer-sponsored, health maintenance organization [HMO], preferred provider organization [PPO])
k74. Government insurance plans (for example, Medicare, Medicaid, Medigap, TRICARE)
k75. Insurance rules (for example, dependent and birthday rules, coordination of benefits)
k76. The difference between copayments and coinsurance
k77. Advanced Beneficiary Notice (ABN)
k78. Contents of an Explanation of Benefits (EOB)
k79. Electronic remittance advice (ERA)
k80. Procedures for telehealth appointments, including troubleshooting and support

#### Domain 6: Billing and Revenue Cycle (11 items)

Tasks	Knowledge of:
6A Prepare documentation for billing.	k81. Phases of the revenue cycle and how they interact/impact each other
6B Perform charge reconciliation (for example, correct use of electronic health record software, entering charges, posting adjustments, accounts receivable procedures).	k82. Health care payment models (for example, fee for service, value-based plans)
6C Bill patients, insurers, and third-party payers for services performed.	k83. Financial eligibility, sliding scales, and indigent programs
6D Perform payment collection (for example, copays) and	k84. The difference between Medicare and Medicaid
create statements. k85	k85. CMS billing and documentation requirements
6E Support resolution of billing issues with insurers and third-party payers, including appeals and denials.	k86. Aging reports, collections due, adjustments, and write-offs
	k87. Third-party payer billing requirements
	k88. Referral and insurance authorizations
	k89. Clearinghouse and claim scrubbing processes

# **Domain 7: Medical Practice Administrative Procedures and Logistics (14 items)**

Tasks		Knowledge of:		
7A	Manage and review medical records to ensure records are secure, complete, up-to-date, and sign-off has occurred.		Organization/facility policies and procedures Filing systems (for example, alphabetical	
7B	Perform financial procedures, such as management of petty cash and end-of-day financial reconciliation.		procedures, color procedures, terminal digit procedures, such as primary, secondary, and tertiary)	
7C	Perform opening and closing procedures, including enabling/disabling answering service, checking messages, allowing time for system updates, preparing	k92.	Petty cash management and end-of day financial reconciliation requirements	
	medical records for the day, planning for daily activities, turning equipment on/off, cleaning reception area, and stocking supplies.	k93.	Organization/facility opening and closing procedures	
7D	Verify contents of deliveries and sort and distribute to appropriate recipients.	k94.	Telephone procedures including introduction of facility and self, identification of caller and their needs, management of hold times, and	
7E	Manage inventory of administrative supplies and complete required documentation.		directing calls to proper parties when needed.	
7F	Follow proper telecommunications procedures, including	k95.	Types of letters and templates	
	introduction of organization/facility and self, identification of caller needs, management of hold times, and directing	k96.	Proper greetings, salutations, and signatories	
	calls to proper parties when needed.	k97.	Basic computer skills including use of email, word processing, spreadsheets,	
7G	Create correspondences using templates, proper greetings and salutations, proper postage, and required signatures.		internet/intranet, and hardware (for example, copiers, fax machines, scanners, electronic signature pads)	
7H	Demonstrate basic computer skills including use of email, word processing, spreadsheets, internet, and hardware (for example, copiers, fax machines, scanners).	k98.	Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act (ADAAA) compliance procedures (for example, remove barriers, ensure policies and practices do not discriminate)	
		k99.	Inventory management requirements	
		k100.	Data storage and back-up requirements	
		k101.	Downtime procedures to implement when technology or systems are not functioning properly or are otherwise unavailable to users	